

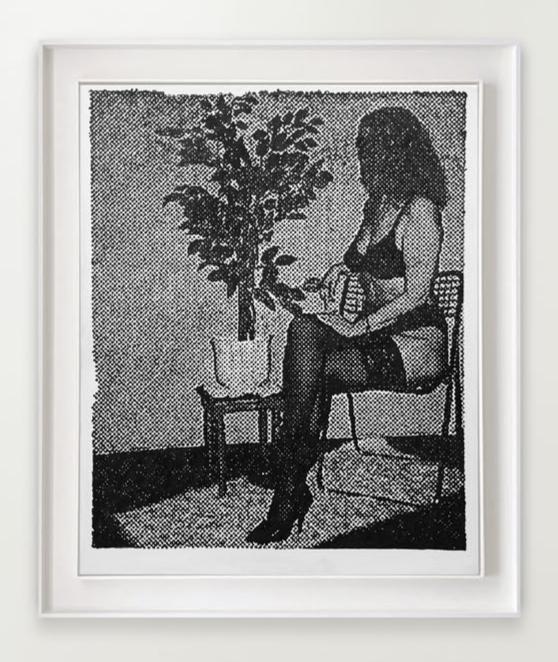


Presenting works by

Richard Aldrich **Ed Atkins** Matthew Barney Alighiero e Boetti Kerstin Brätsch Keith Haring Jim Hodges Joan Jonas Alex Katz Karen Kilimnik Martin Kippenberger Jannis Kounellis Hao Liang Sarah Lucas Robert Mapplethorpe Marisa Merz Jill Mulleady

Shirin Neshat Elizabeth Peyton Sigmar Polke Robert Rauschenberg Ugo Rondinone Rachel Rose Ed Ruscha David Salle Salvo Amy Sillman Rosemarie Trockel Carrie Mae Weems Andro Wekua Christopher Wool Joseph Yaeger Anicka Yi Anna Zemánková







In 1998, Sigmar Polke created the compelling *Ohne Titel*, exemplifying his celebrated late Rasterbilder technique, marked by a mesmerizing interplay of interference paint that responds dynamically to light fluctuations. The canvas, adorned with a sea of black dots, creates an optical illusion reminiscent of Impressionist pointillism when viewed closely. However, from a distance, the dots coalesce into a photographic image of a woman in lingerie, sitting coyly in an incongruous folding chair. Polke's mastery lies in his ability to continually push his pictorial vocabulary, showcased vividly in this piece, where he employs his signature raster technique. As Polke noted: "Lots of dots vibrating, resonating, blurring, re-emerging, thoughts of radio signals, radio pictures and television come to mind. In that perspective, I think that the raster I am using does show a specific view, that it is a general situation and interpretation: the structure of our time, the structure of social order, of a culture."

Rooted in the sociopolitical context of a divided Germany during the Cold War, Polke co-founded the "Capitalism Realism" movement alongside Gerhard Richter and Konrad Lueg. This work marks Polke's return to charged subject matter at the turn of the millennium. The juxtaposition of sultry imagery with an inconspicuous setting stands as a counterpoint to Polke's earlier motifs, revealing his tongue-in-cheek critique of mass media culture through near-abstraction and moiré effects.



Hao Liang





Hao Liang, *To Watteau - Chez Franz*, 2025, Ink and color on silk, boxwood board, 19 7/8 x 32 1/2 x 1 inches (50.5 x 82.4 x 2.5 cm), HL009, \$285,000



Keith Haring



Untitled, 1983 is a powerful example of Keith Haring's bold style and unique symbolism, drawing viewers into Haring's energetic visual world. Using his favored medium of sumi ink on a stark white ground, Haring harnesses the fluidity and immediacy of brushwork to deliver one of the most dynamic and densely charged compositions of his career.

The surface bursts with many of Haring's most iconic symbols: the radiant baby, representing innocence, new beginnings, and creative power; the barking dog, both playful and defiant; the snake, hinting at change and danger; and the looming atom bomb, a reminder of anxiety and existential threat. Break dancers twist across the surface in kinetic bursts, referencing street culture and movement as a form of resistance, while entwined lovers and towering pyramids reflect themes of unity, history, and spiritual geometry. All these elements, taken from Haring's personal visual language, come together in a fast-paced, well-balanced rhythm that's joyful but also carries deeper political and social messages.







Robert Rauschenberg



Signs dramatically juxtaposes printed reproductions and photographs of iconic figures and events from 1960s American politics and popular culture. Rauschenberg's careful cropping, angling, and layering of appropriated imagery creates a chaotic atmosphere evoking the cultural climate of the decade. The visual density, vivid pigmentation, and politically salient subject matter heighten the aesthetic and emotional impact of the work.

Rauschenberg wrote that the artwork was, "conceived to remind us of the love, terror, violence of the last 10 years," warning that "Danger lies in forgetting." Along these lines, the work's elliptical title can be read as both a catalogue of the "signs of the times" from the 1960s and as an augury of things to come.

Rauschenberg was originally commissioned to design this work as a cover for *Newsweek* and used iconic imagery from several previous issues of the publication to create the piece. Ultimately, *Newsweek* rejected the design, likely for its politically charged content, but Rauschenberg's gallerist, Leo Castelli, opted to publish a limited-edition print of the work, produced by Styria Studio.

The editioned form of the work has been featured in numerous exhibitions at institutions including the Art Institute of Chicago; Brooklyn Museum of Art; Cleveland Museum of Art; Dallas Museum of Art; Gemini G.E.L. at Joni Moisant Weyl, New York; Menil Collection, Houston; Museum of Modern Art, New York; National Collection of Fine Arts, Washington, D.C.; the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art; Tate Modern, London; Whitney Museum of American Art.









Rauschenberg incorporated imagery referencing a number of violent political flashpoints from the 1960s, including the 1963 assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 1968 assassinations of Robert F. Kennedy and Martin Luther King Jr., the 1965 and 1967 riots in Los Angeles and Detroit, respectively, and the ongoing Vietnam War. In 1968, Rauschenberg met Janis Joplin, a fellow native of Port Arthur, Texas, at Max's Kansas City, a New York City nightclub, and became close friends with her. Joplin died on October 4, 1970, making Rauschenberg's inclusion of the singer alongside slain political leaders eerily prescient. Further, Rauschenberg was fascinated by space and space exploration and featured imagery of planets, astronauts, and astronomical equipment in works throughout his career. In Signs, he included imagery from the August II, 1969 Newsweek cover showing astronaut Buzz Aldrin during the first moon landing on July 20, 1969. Suggesting new frontiers and scientific advancements, the image introduces some levity to the artwork; yet the red dots superimposed on the front of Aldrin's suit resemble blood spatters, indicating that such Space Age optimism may have been sullied by the decade's violence.



Robert Mapplethorpe

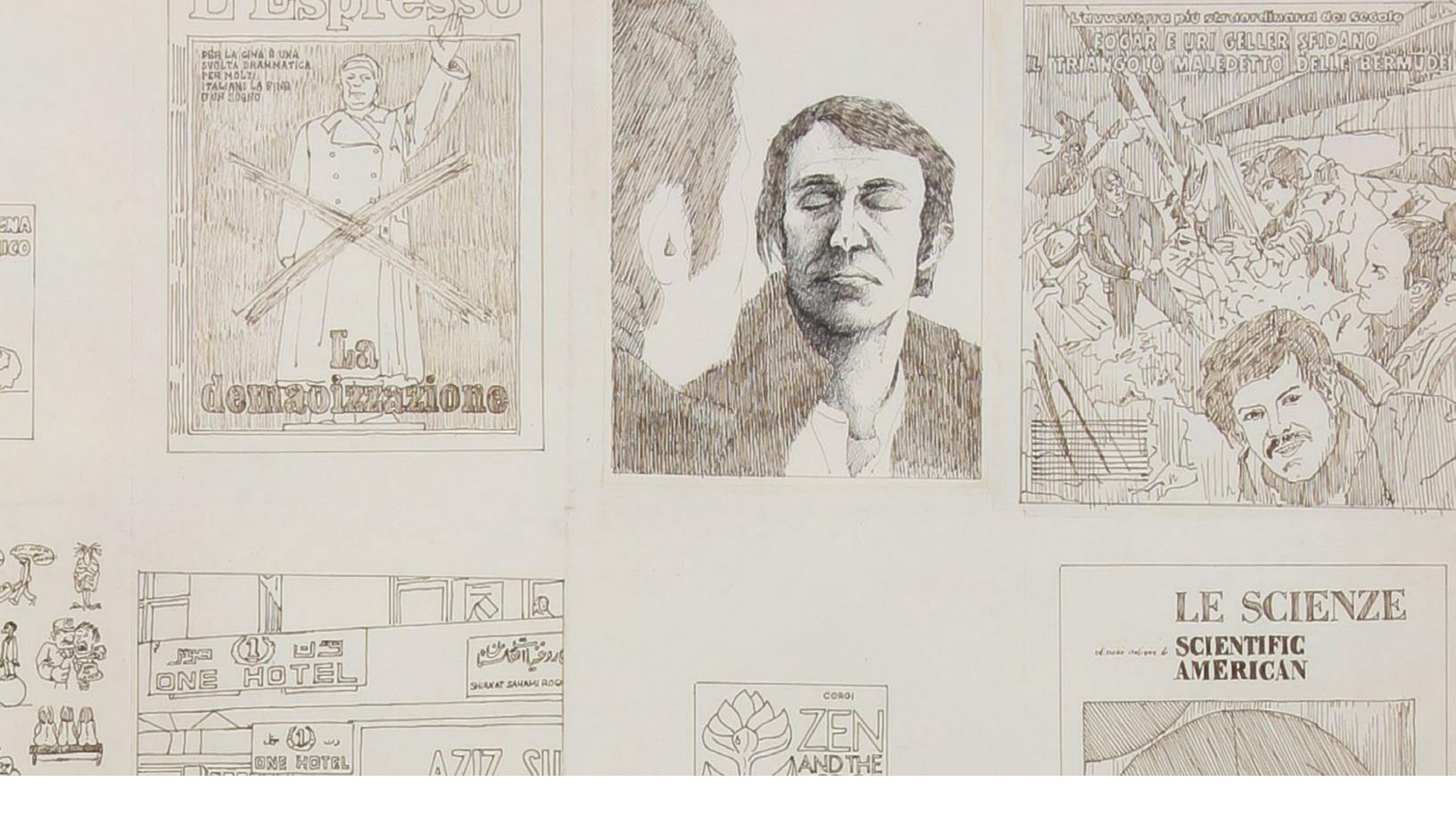




Alex Katz in his studio



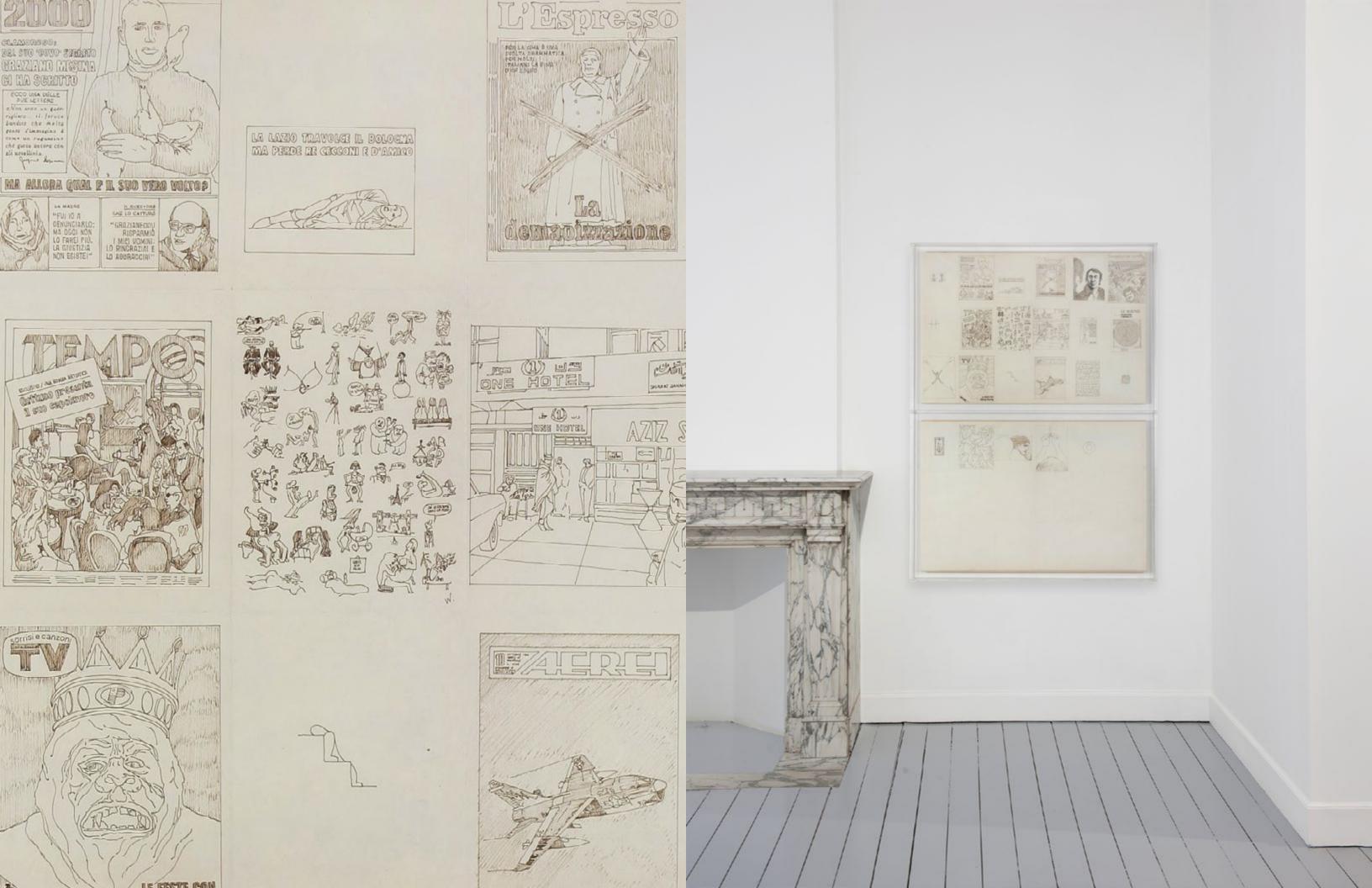




Alighiero e Boetti



Alighiero e Boetti, Collo Rotto Braccia Lunghe, 1976, Graphite and ink on paper in two parts 39 3/8 x 59 inches (100 x 150 cm) each, 43 1/2 x 63 3/4 inches (111 x 162 cm) each framed, BG884, \$350,000





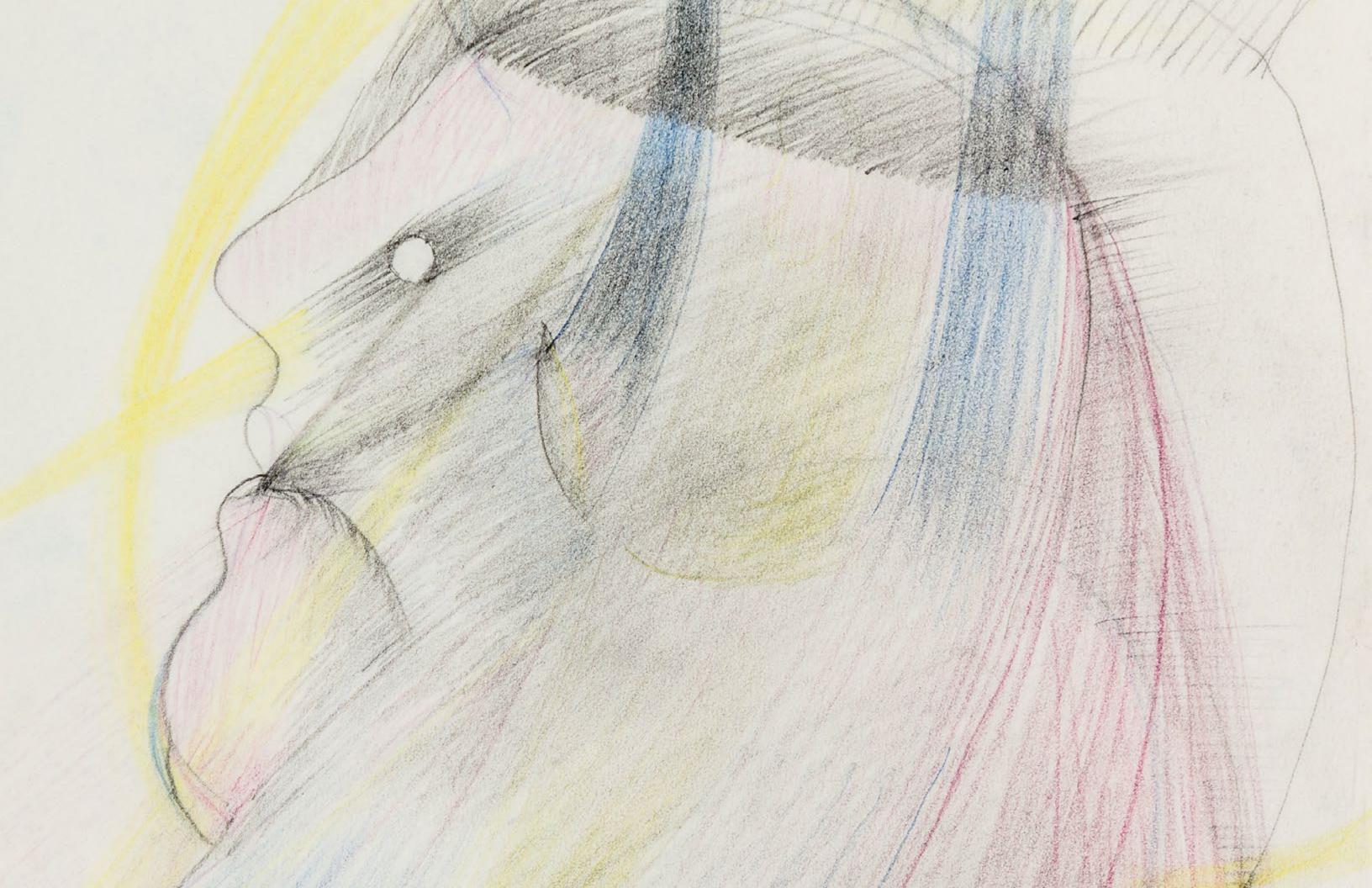
Marisa Merz
The artist's studio, Turin, 2016







Marisa Merz, Senza titolo (untitled), Undated, Mixed media on paper, 16 $1/2 \times 115/8$ inches (41.9 $\times 29.7$ cm), 20 $1/8 \times 151/4 \times 13/8$ inches (51.1 $\times 38.7 \times 3.5$ cm) framed, MAR207, \$125,000 Marisa Merz, Senza titolo (untitled), Undated, Mixed media on paper, 16 $1/2 \times 115/8$ inches (41.8 $\times 29.6$ cm), 20 $1/8 \times 151/4 \times 13/8$ inches (51.1 $\times 38.7 \times 3.5$ cm) framed, MAR208, \$125,000







Salvo









Jannis Kounellis

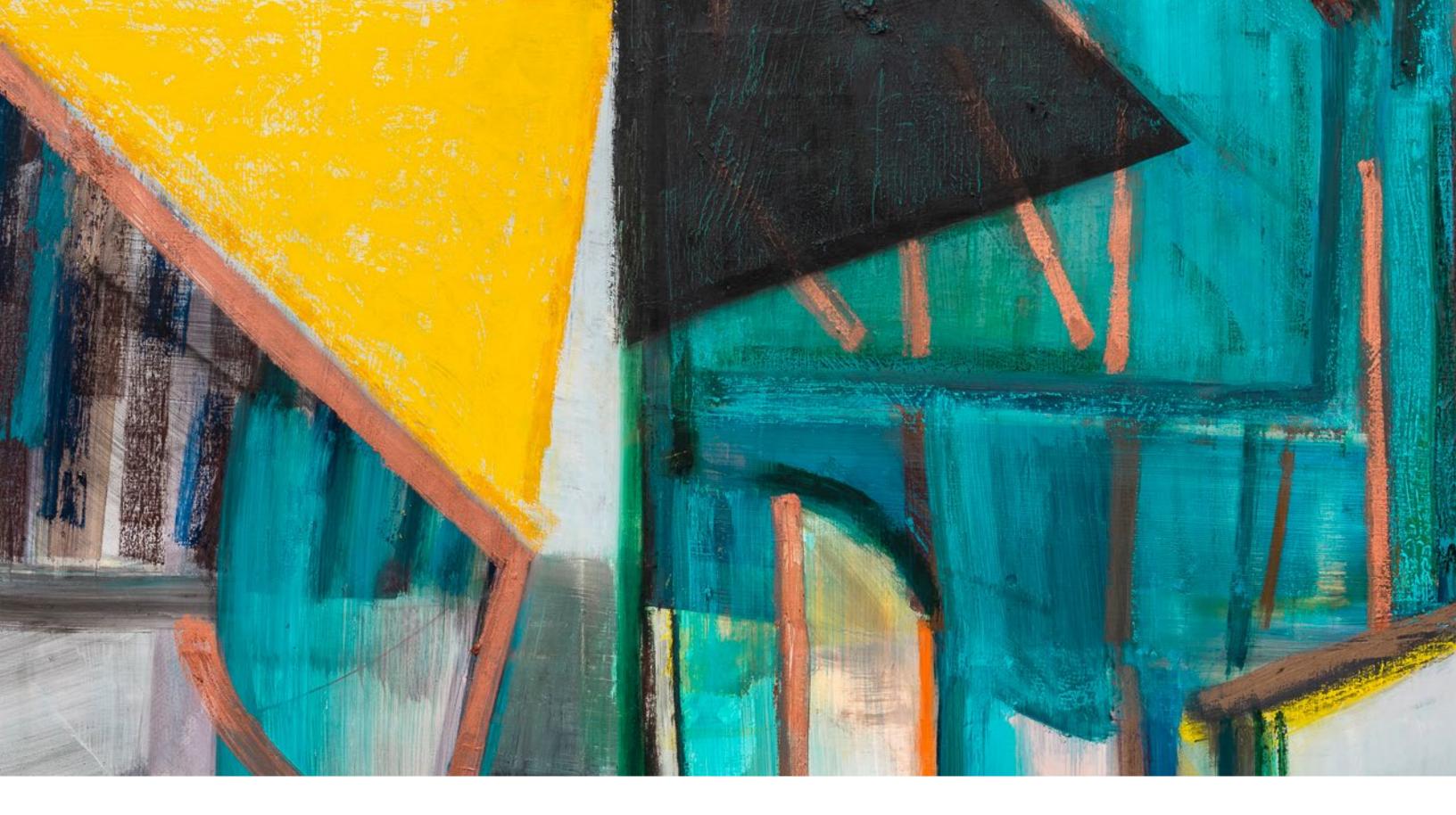


Jannis Kounellis, *Untitled*, 1960, Mixed media on cardboard, 18 1/2 x 27 1/4 inches (47 x 69 cm), KOU650, €180,000

After Kounellis' arrival in Rome in 1956, the artist began experimenting with urban language, manipulating its fundamental components consisting of arrows, letters, numbers, and signs. This drawing falls into the category of his iconic *Alfabeti* or *Figures and Letters* series. The seemingly cryptic symbols are suggestive of a language, code, or mathematical formula, but resist any particular meaning or representation. Signs that usually identify size, weight, and direction are set free of their moorings. Presenting this fragmented syntax on paper and canvas, Kounellis manipulated its original purpose and instead brought attention to the visual form of these signs. The elements' meaning—though familiar and visually accessible—was replaced by Kounellis' personal alphabet and language.

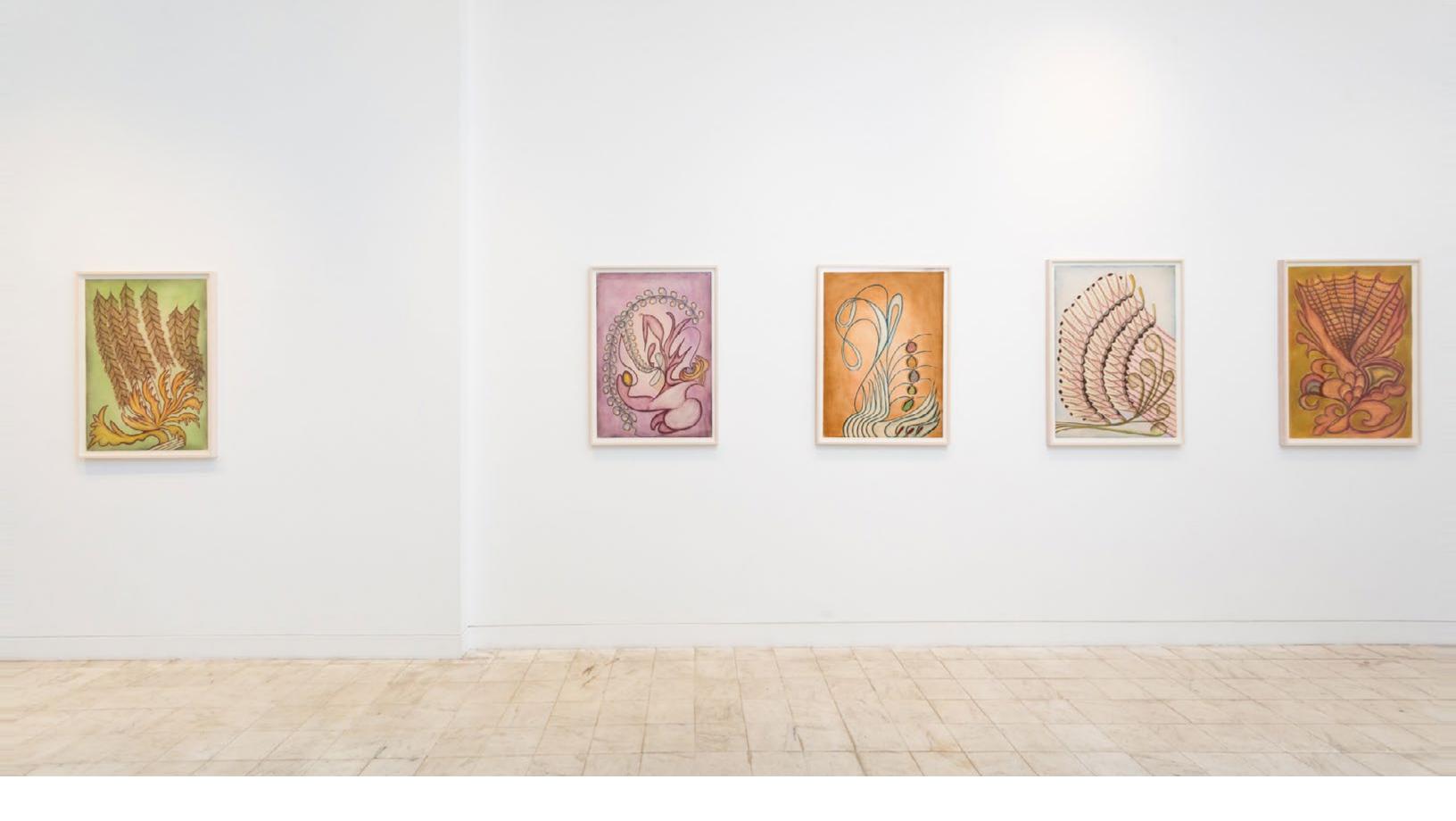
Art historian Gloria Moure has observed that these figures "were undoubtedly compositional signs, somewhere between image, language, and arithmetic, intended to be recited in the midst of unconnected babblings." For Kounellis, the symbols "were also phonetic and, therefore, profoundly musical," as well as having a linguistic basis rooted in the artist's interest in writers such as Giuseppe Ungaretti. Although by the mid-1960s Kounellis shifted his focus to material and physicality, this work on paper marks the beginning of Kounellis' ever-growing visual vocabulary and his work with repetition and symbolism.





Amy Sillman

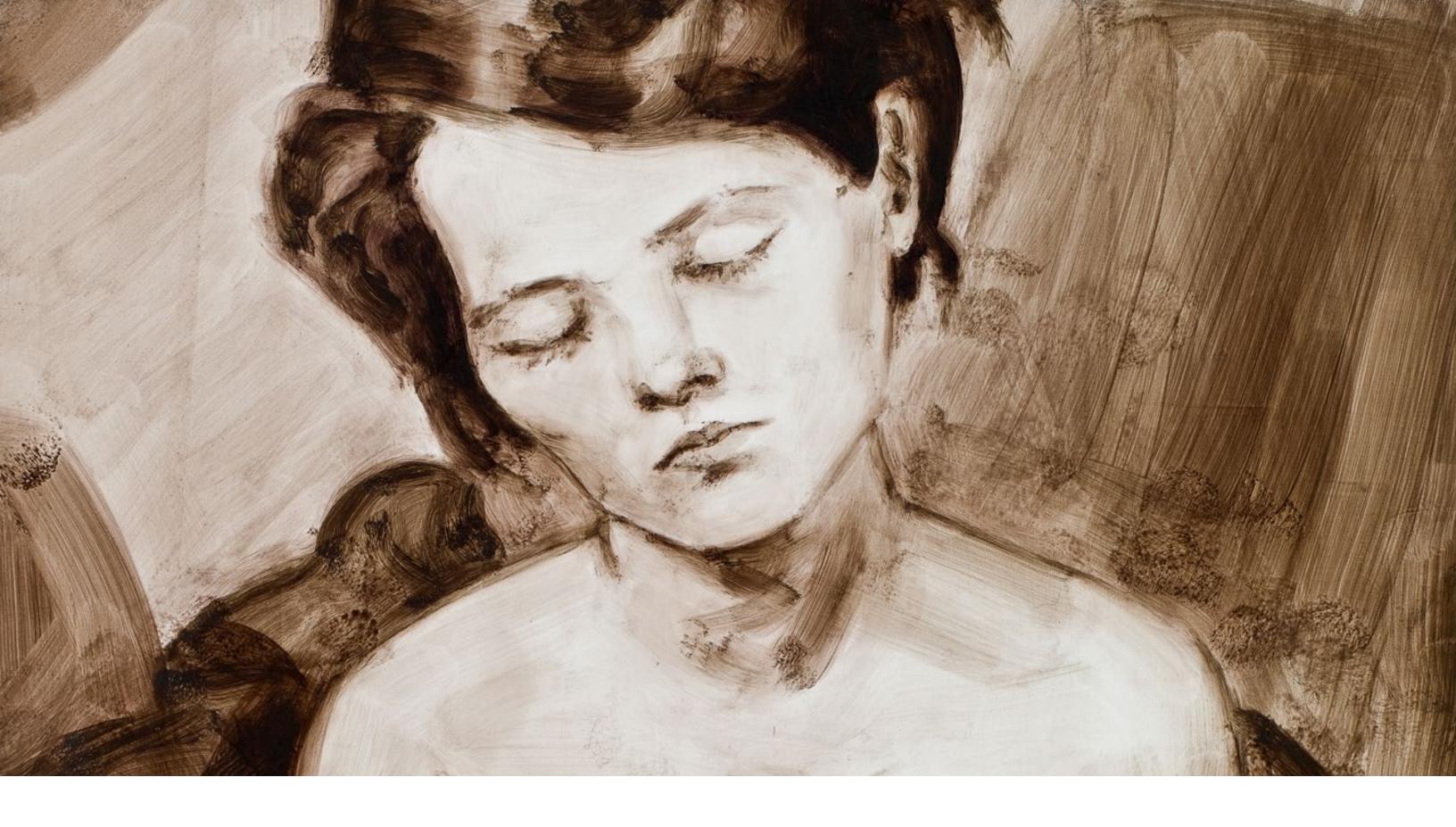






Anna Zemánková, *Untitled*, c. 1960's, Gouache, ink and pastel on paper 24 5/8 x 17 3/4 inches (62.5 x 45 cm), 31 3/8 x 24 3/8 x 1 1/2 inches (79.7 x 61.9 x 3.8 cm) framed, NG7309, \$90,000





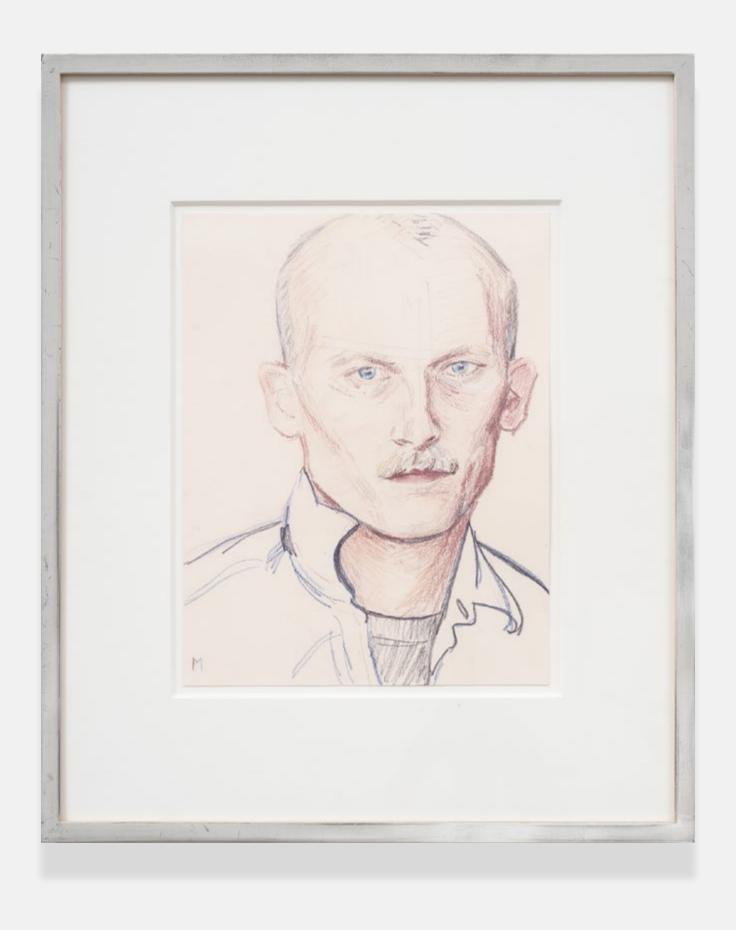
Elizabeth Peyton



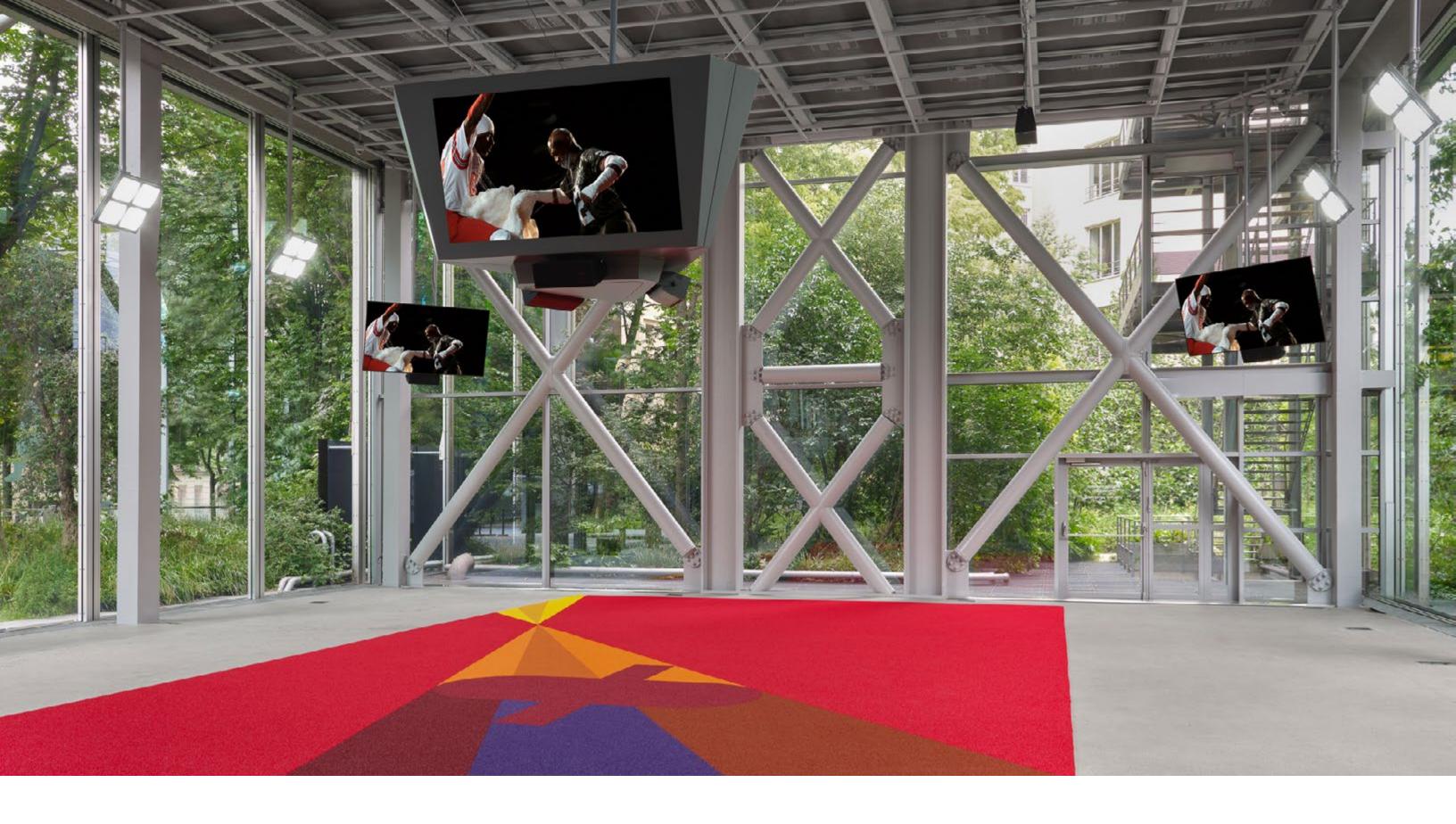
Elizabeth Peyton, *Alice Neel in 1931*, 2007-2008, Oil on linen mounted on board, 13 x 10 inches (33 x 25.4 cm), GG085





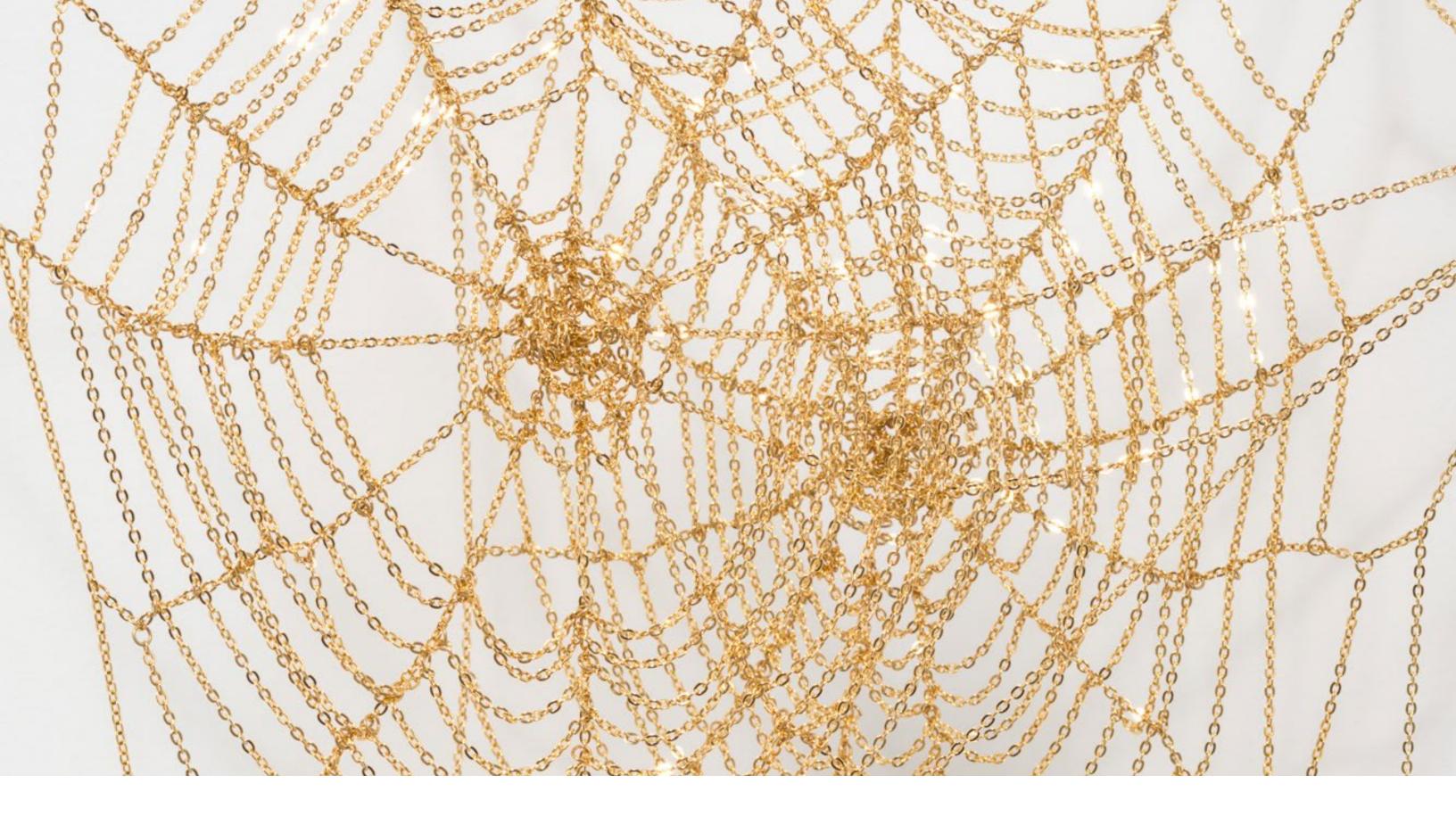












Jim Hodges







Jill Mulleady

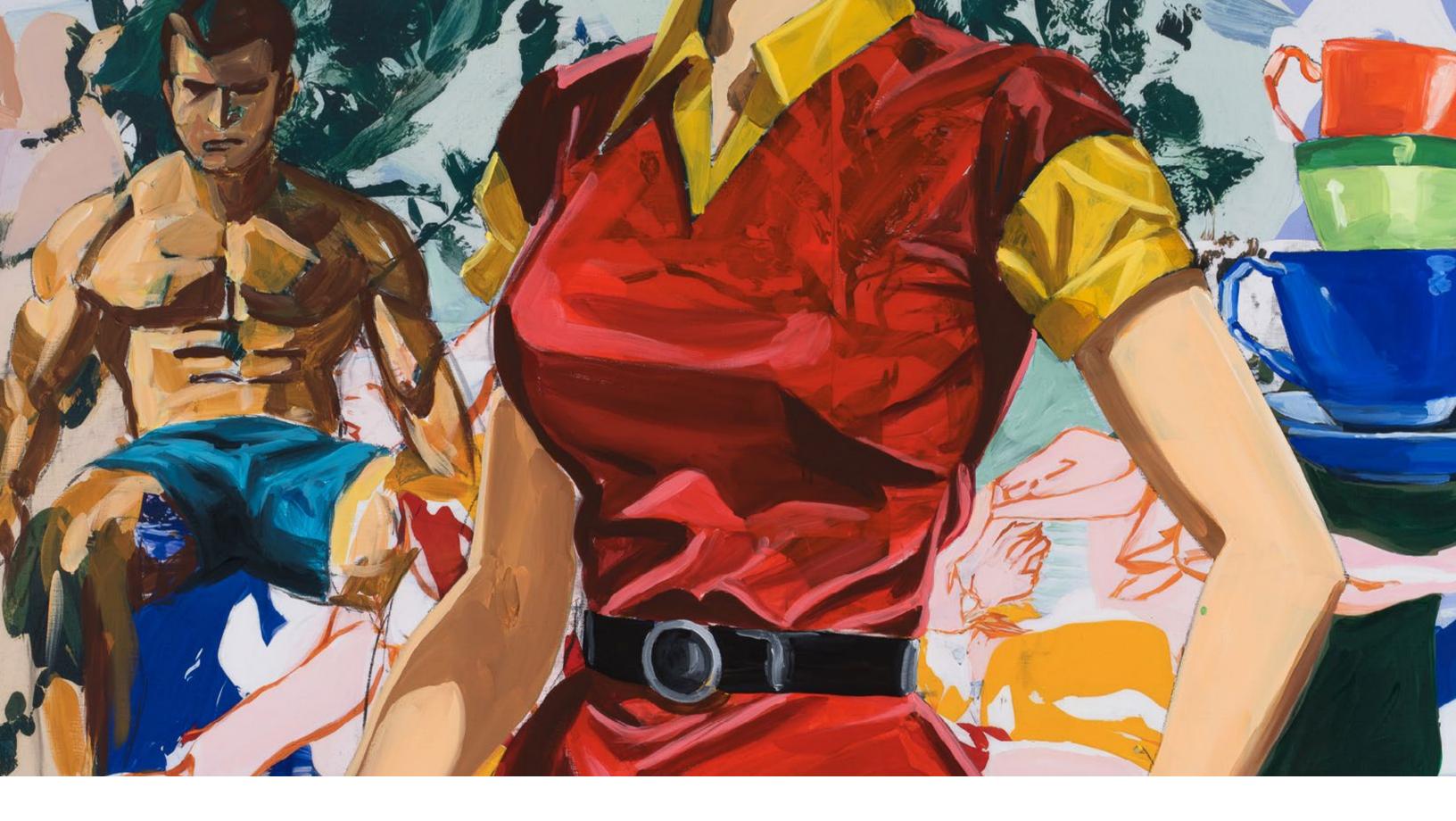


Jill Mulleady, After The Explosion, 2025, Oil on linen, 38 1/4 x 51 1/4 inches (97 x 130 cm), JMD093, \$110,000



Sarah Lucas





David Salle



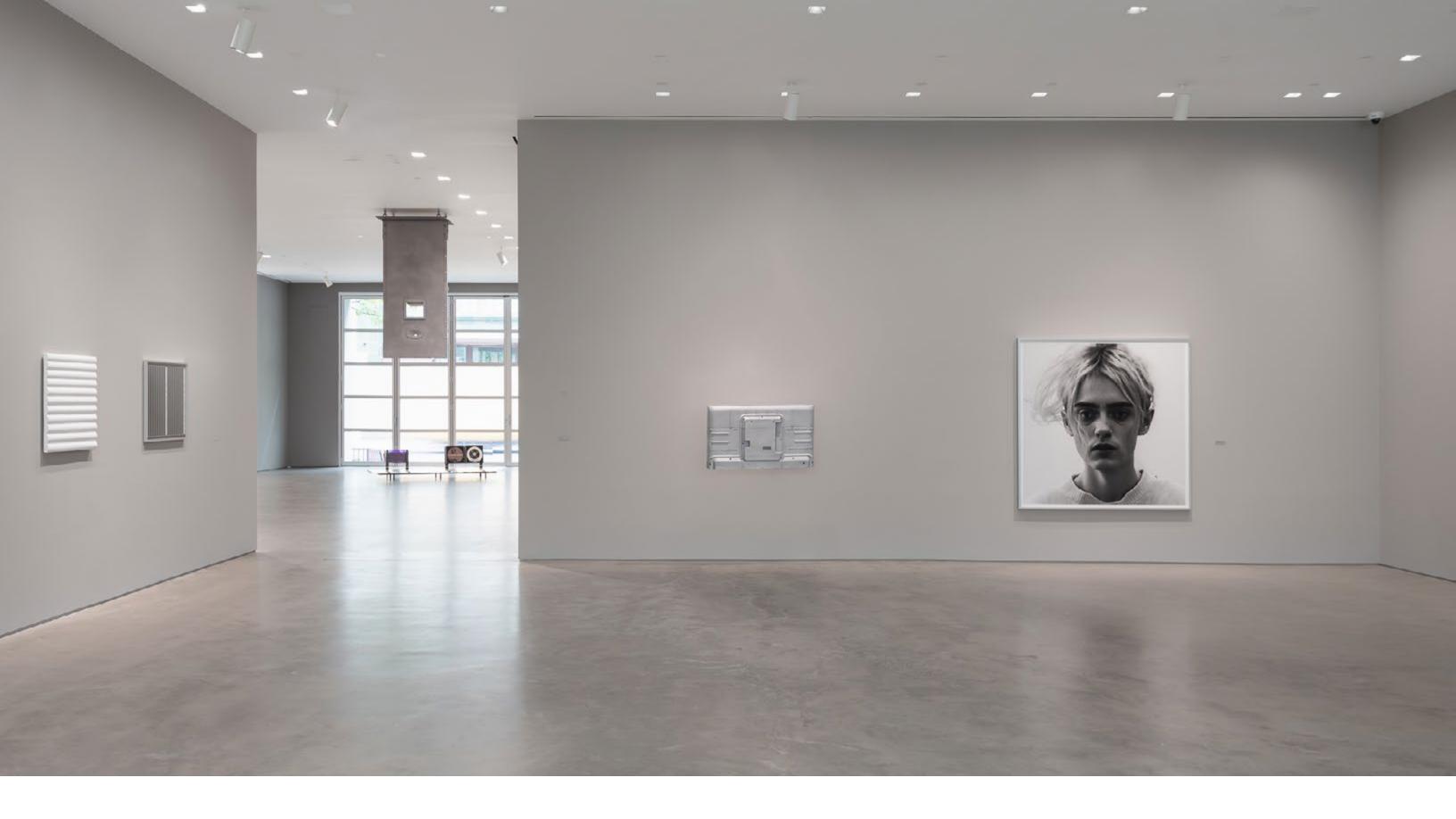
SEVERY













Rosemarie Trockel

Dead Chamelion, 2008

Ceramic, glazed (white)

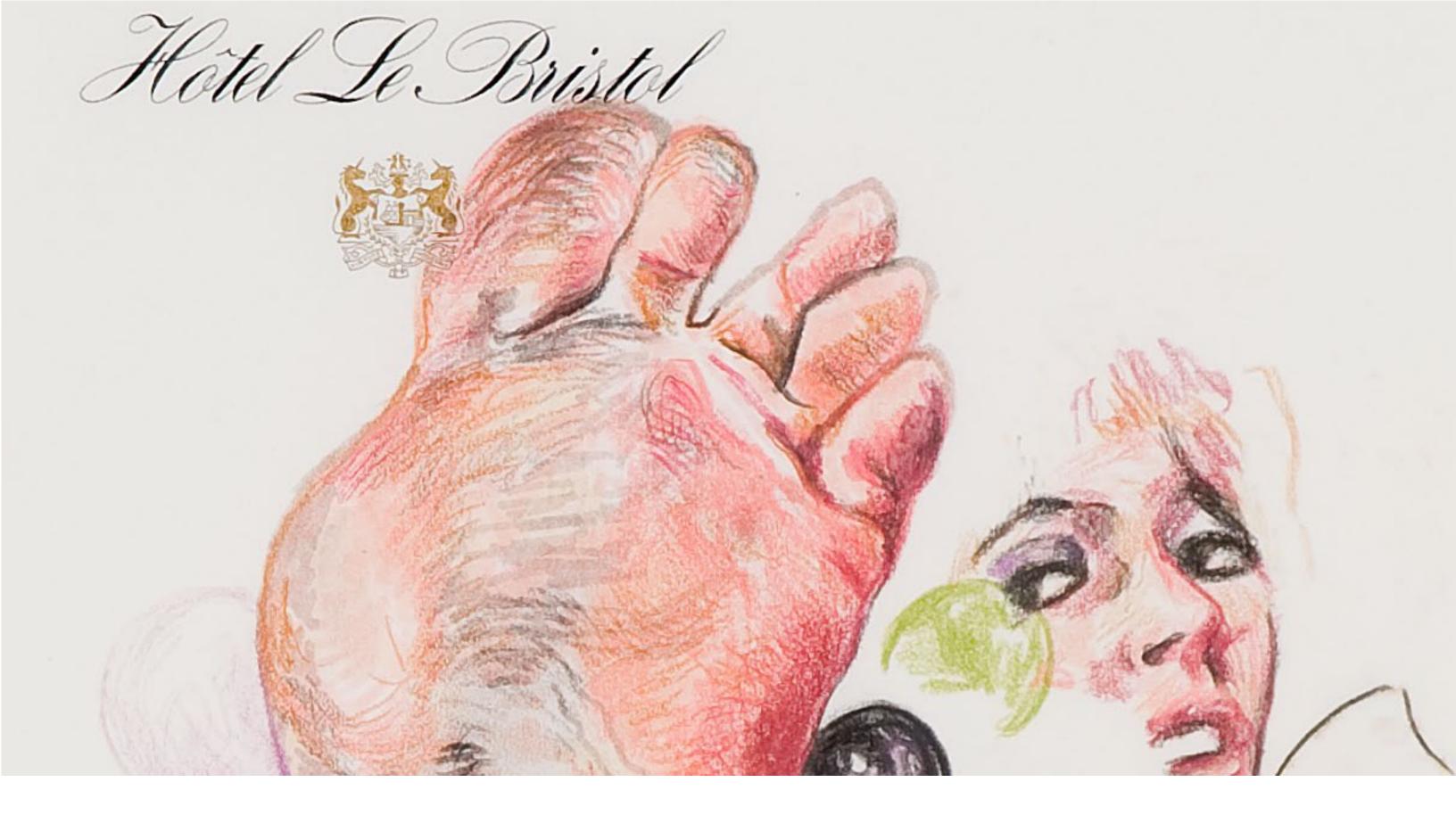
33 1/2 x 25 5/8 x 9 7/8 inches (85 x 65 x 25 cm)

RT419, €480,000

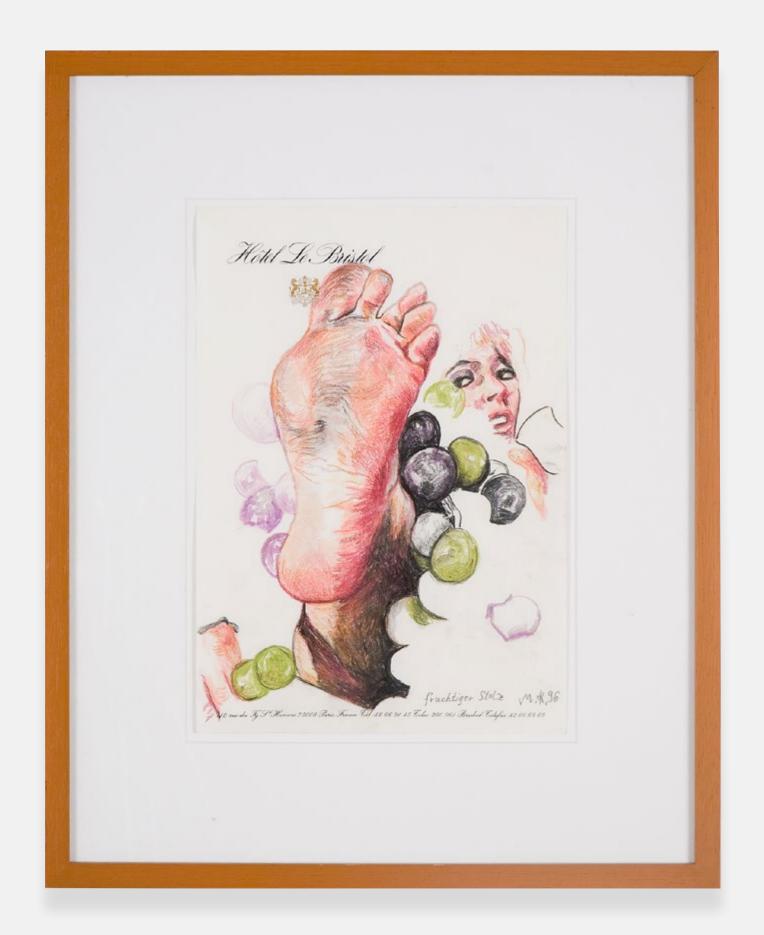




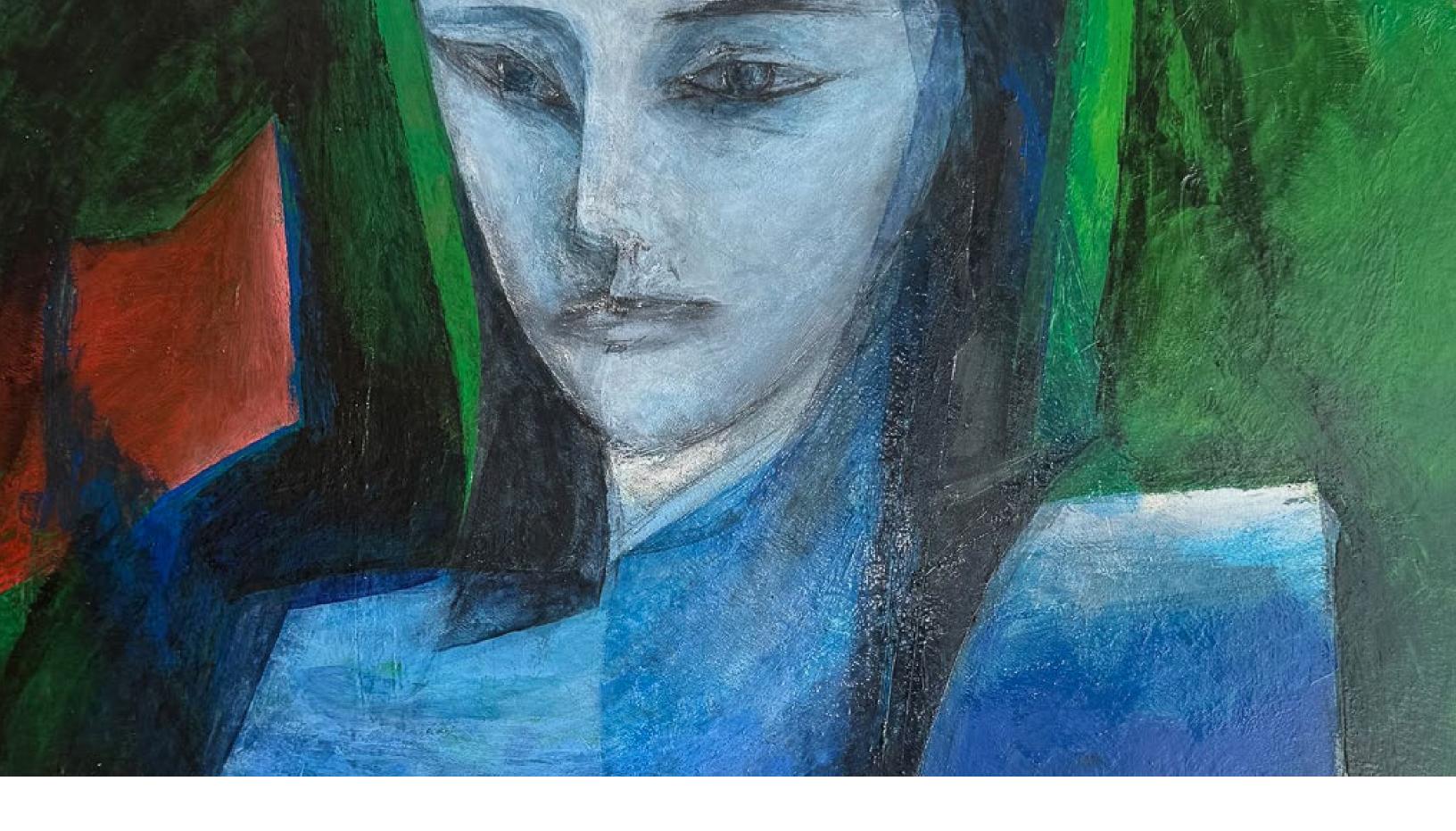




Martin Kippenberger

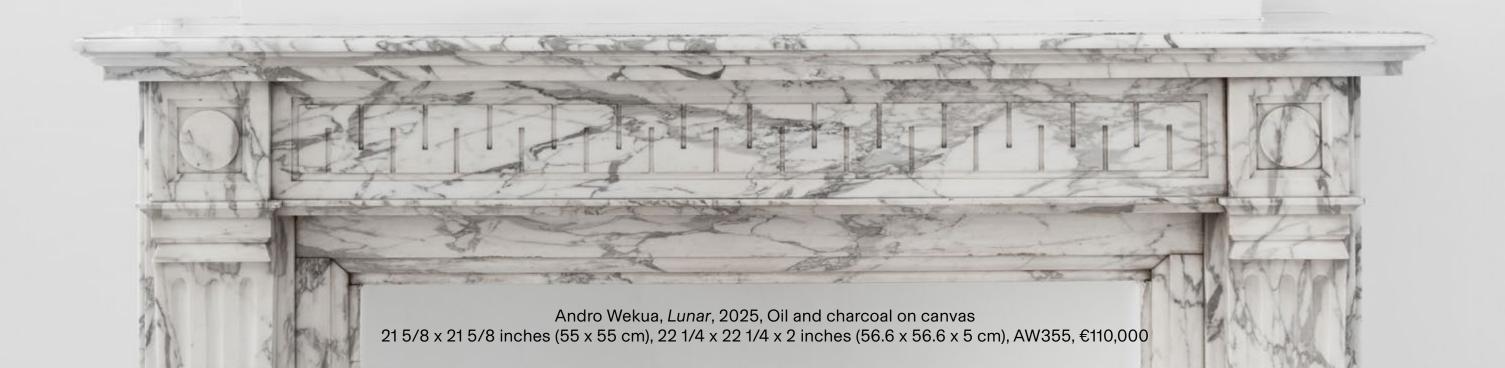






Andro Wekua



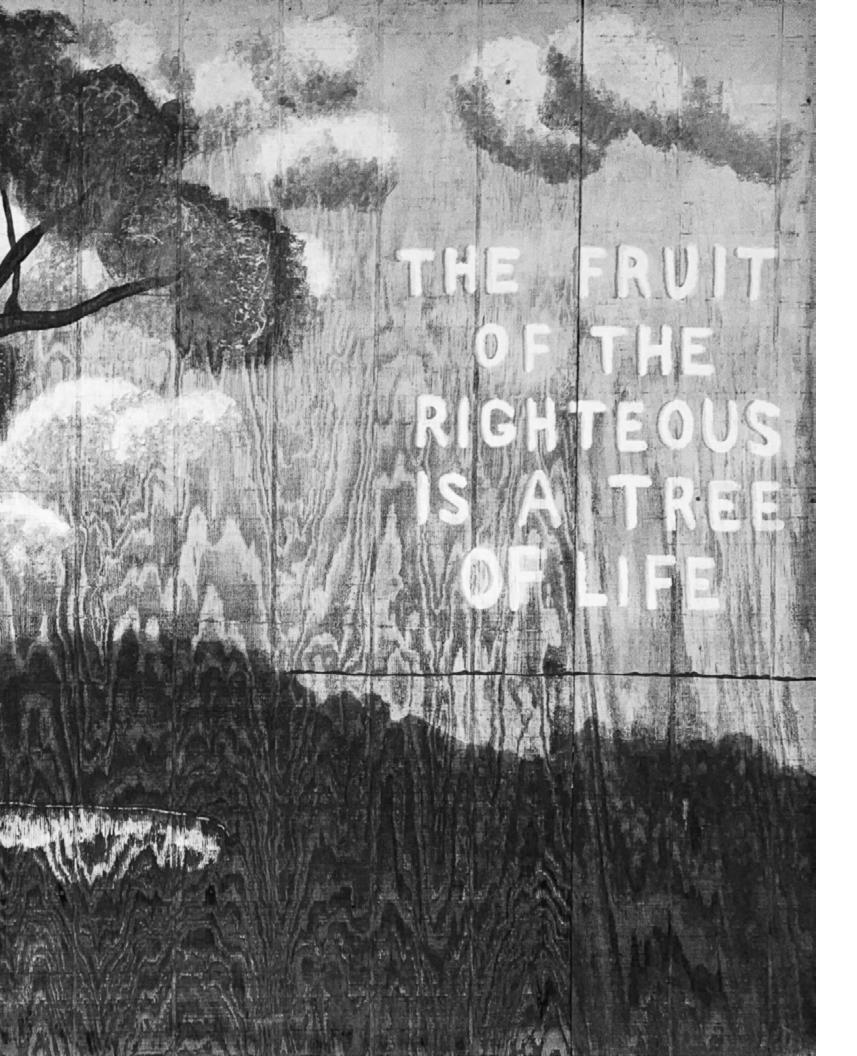




Carrie Mae Weems



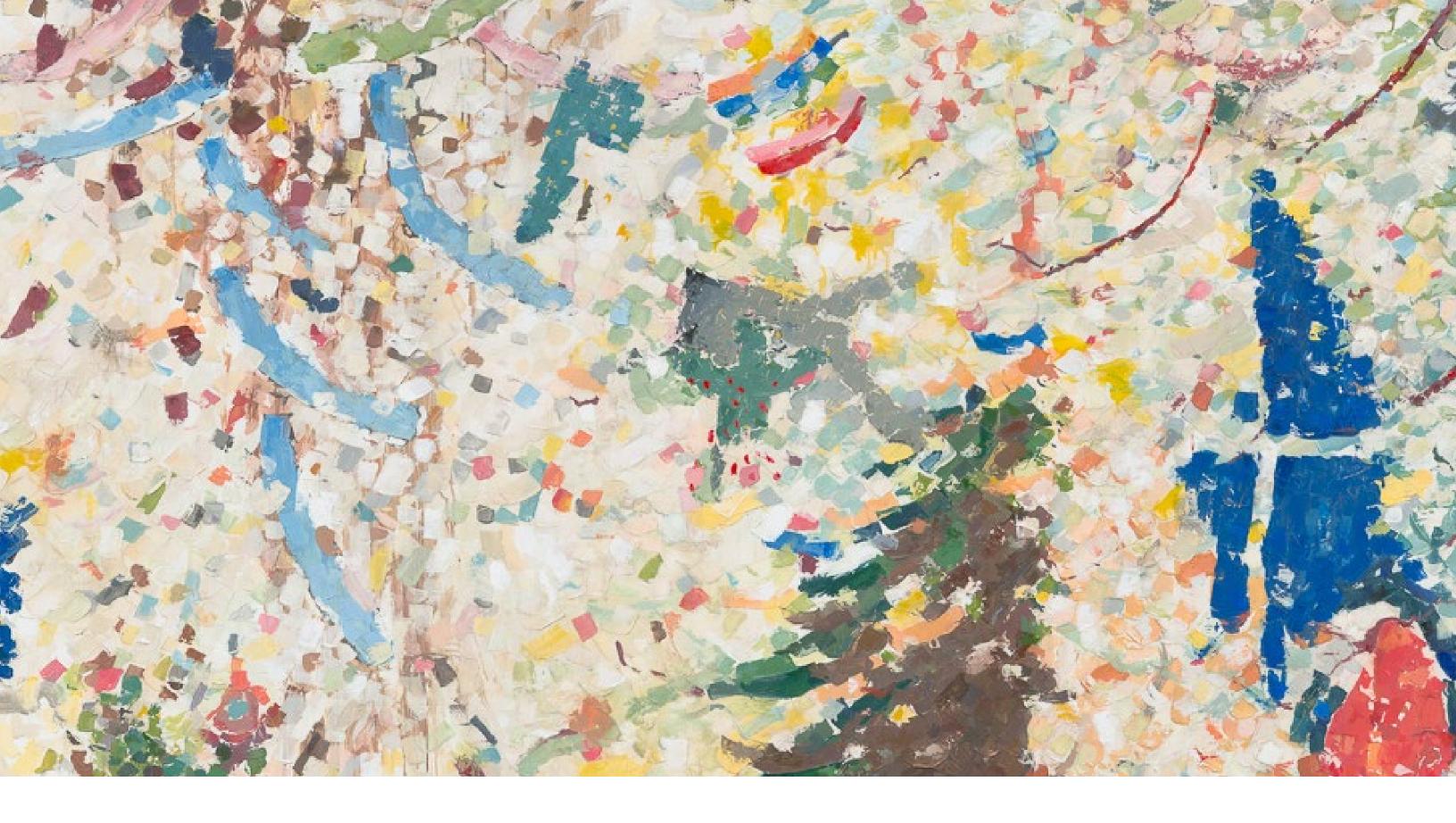
Carrie Mae Weems *Preach*, 2024-2025 Five archival pigment prints 16×20 inches (40.6×50.8 cm) each $40 \times 3/4 \times 16 \times 3/4 \times 11/2$ inches ($103.5 \times 42.5 \times 3.8$ cm) Overall: $65 \times 1/2 \times 61 \times 1/2 \times 13/8$ inches ($166.4 \times 156.2 \times 3.5$ cm) framed Edition of 5 + 1 AP CMW580, \$125,000



This work is a part of Weems' new series, *Preach*, and is an original commission for the exhibition at Gallerie d'Italia in Turin. The series traces religion and spirituality for African-Americans across generations, and celebrates the deep, passionate, and joyful forms of worship that define Weems' Black Church experience, while also denouncing the violence and oppression that are inseparable elements of this history. Weems writes in the new poem that accompanies this installation:

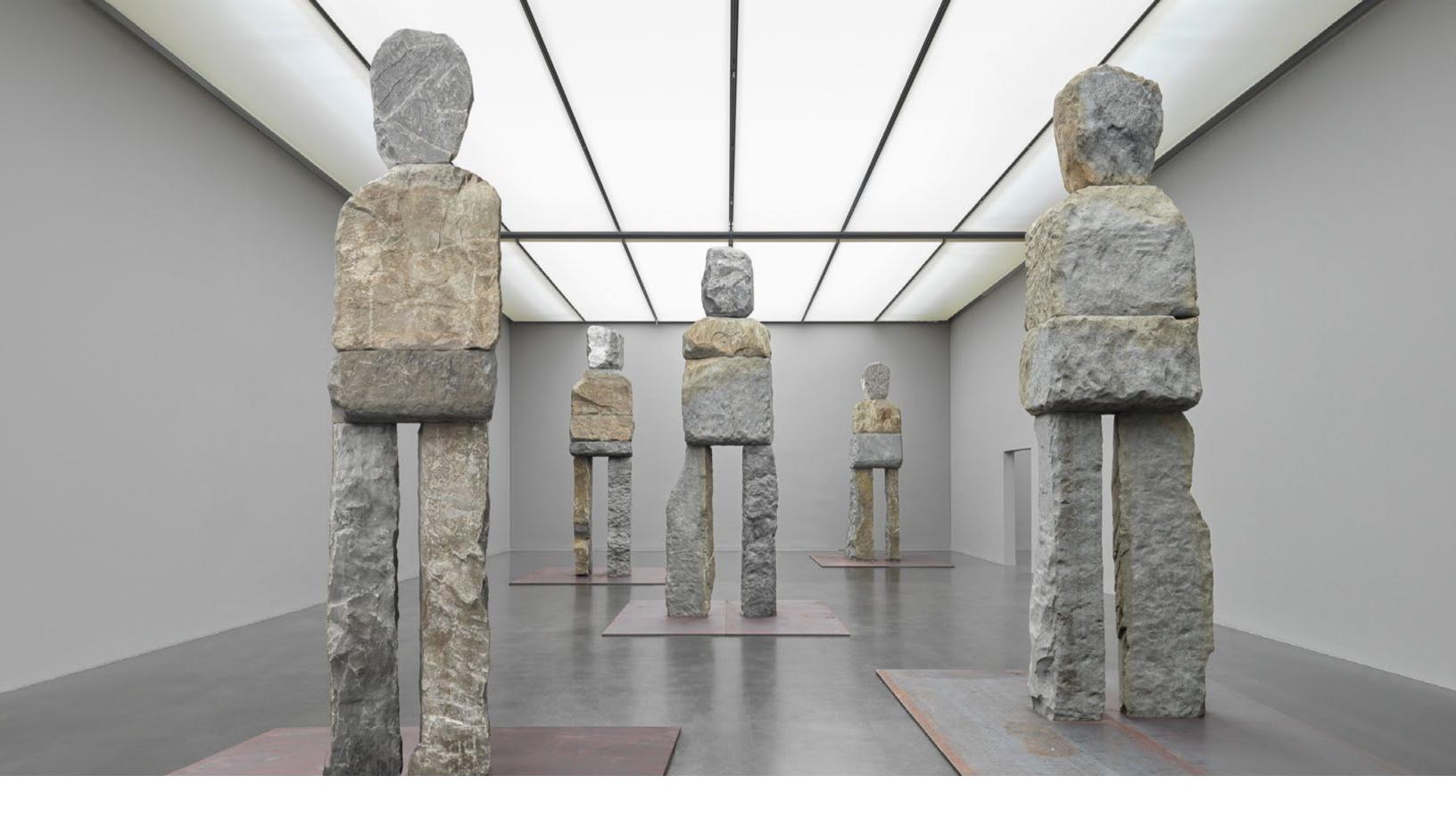
"In flames and bombs, pray where and when you can, in harbors and cabins, in palaces and basements, in theaters and clubs. From your secret hiding place you have discovered new forms of worship..."

Using herself as her muse and guide, Weems invites us to join this spiritual awakening and condemn the persecution that makes these sacred spaces places of refuge and activism. *Preach* weaves together early images from Harlem, San Diego, and Sea Island, Georgia, with a wide range of new work that evokes the transcendental and profane reality of religious expression for black Americans today.



Richard Aldrich





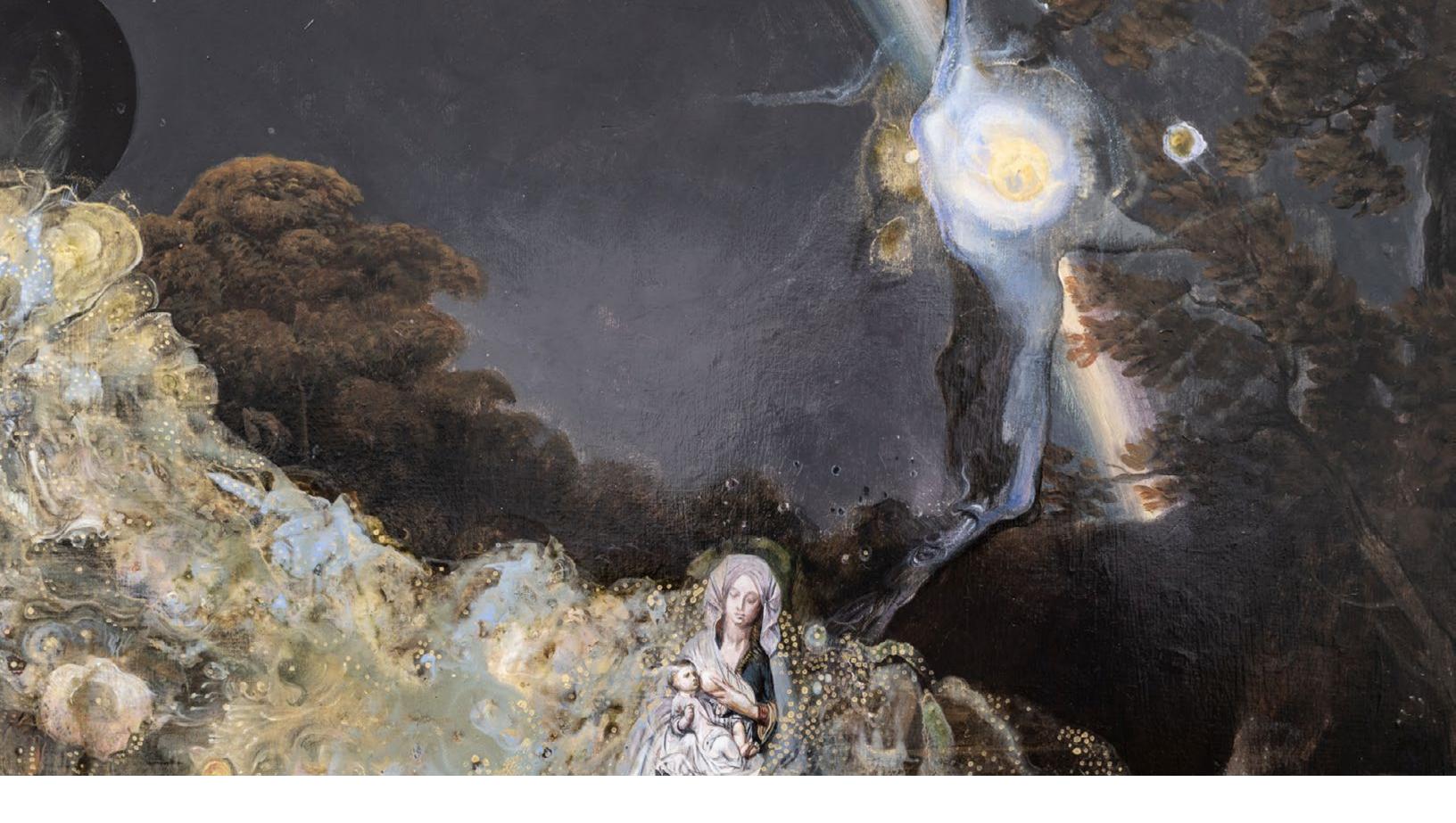


Ugo Rondinone, the defiant, 2025, Bluestone, stainless steel and concrete Sculpture: 86 3/4 x 51 3/4 x 23 5/8 inches (220 x 131.5 x 60 cm), Pedestal: 5 x 59 x 35 1/2 inches (12.7 x 149 x 90.2 cm) UR1213, \$550,000



Joseph Yaeger





Rachel Rose



Rachel Rose, *The Rainbow*, 2025, Color pigment, metallic powders, and oil on wood panel 16 3/4 x 22 inches (42.5 x 55.9 cm), 27 1/8 x 32 3/8 x 1 inches (68.9 x 82.2 x 2.5 cm) framed, RR159, \$55,000









Christopher Wool



GLADSTONE